DAMAGE Assessment Team



Primary Responsibilities

The Damage Assessment Team has two primary functions. The **preliminary** responsibility of this team is to gather and relay information about the extent of damage in your neighborhood, such as:

- Fire, flooding, landslides
- Damage to utilities (gas, electrical and water lines)
- Structural damage (e.g., homes off their foundations, structures that are unsafe and uninhabitable due to damaged chimneys, broken windows, jammed front doors, etc.)
- Location of trapped victims
- ♦ Other hazards (e.g., downed trees, power lines, fractures in streets)

The Assistant Incident Commander at the ICC will collect the damage assessment reports, review them with the Incident Commander and help determine what response actions need to take place. The information gathered will:

- Determine what responses and actions will be initiated by the Incident Commander
- Alert neighbors to structural problems in homes and potentially dangerous neighborhood situations
- Determine whether an evacuation is needed

Neighbors who assist with the preliminary damage assessment will primarily **gather** information. **Only in situations of imminent danger**, such as the smell of gas, **is any actual action taken by this team** as it is more important to quickly determine the scope of the disaster and the appropriate response.

The **second responsibility** of this team entails gathering detailed, post-disaster information to be used by the City's Emergency Operations Center to evaluate the severity of damage and to strategize its response and recovery efforts.



Preparedness Checklist

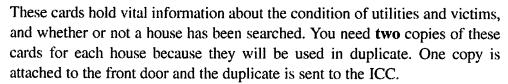
Lists and Forms

Have copies of these lists and forms attached to your clipboard.

- □ CORE Family Roster (A-79)
- □ Neighborhood Utilities Map (A-89)
- ☐ Preliminary Damage Assessment (A-101)

This form is used immediately after a disaster to record damage within the neighborhood. The information should be relayed to the ICC as soon as possible. This form can also serve as a record for Oakland's Emergency Operations Center.

□ Status Cards (A-99)





Should the number of responders be limited, this list highlights important reminders that combine the needs and responsibilities of all of the "field" teams (Damage Assessment, Hazard Reduction/Utilities, Search & Rescue). This sheet should be kept on your clipboard in your emergency backpack.

☐ Disaster Information Summary:

Property Damage/Injuries & Deaths (A-103, A-105)

This document is put together **after** emergency rescue operations have slowed down. There are two parts to this summary: property and injury. The summary of property damage will be put together using information from the *Preliminary Damage Assessment* form described above. The summary of injuries/deaths form will be filled in using information from the *Search & Rescue: Victims Log* (107). All of the information should be sent to Oakland's Emergency Operations Center.



Supplies □ Clipboard, paper, pencil/pen □ Masking tape □ Gas wrench, rope, water valve turnkey (While the primary responsibility of this team is not to reduce hazards, it is always helpful to have a few basic tools with you to reduce or eliminate an imminent danger.) □ Flashlight, batteries □ CORE vest/hat □ Protective clothing: sturdy shoes, long pants, long sleeve shirt, heavy work gloves, mask, eye protection

Many of the field teams' supplies overlap and should already be part of your emergency backpack (29).

Damage Assessment Team Response Checklist



- ☐ Gather your personal supplies, assess your own home and family and report to the ICC.
- ☐ Everyone who reports to the ICC will have damage assessment information that should be given to the individual recording information on the Status Board.
- ☐ The Incident Commander and Assistant Incident Commander will send out teams in groups of at least 2-3 people to conduct a **preliminary damage** assessment of the neighborhood.
- ☐ While sizing-up the neighborhood, these teams should fill out the *Preliminary Damage Assessment* form (A-101) and relay that information back to the ICC by two-way radios or runners. The information should include:
 - Deceased victims
 - Fire
 - Gas odor, damaged gas valve
 - Power line down
 - Road damage
 - Structural damage
 - Tree down
 - Uninhabitable
 - Victim trapped/injured
 - Water line broken
 - Other



Preliminary Damage Assessment Sample



Information for the Incident Command Center.

Date	Time	Address	Resident Last Name	Type of Damage	Type of Dwelling	Severity of Damage
		A4444-4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-				
		10, 1040, 10				

Туре	of Damage	Type of Dwelling	Severity of Damage
D = Deceased victim	T = Tree down	1-story	0 = okay, minor
F = Fire	U = Uninhabitable	2-story	1 = moderate
G = Gas odor, damage	V = Victim trapped/injured	Townhouse	2 = extreme
P = Power line down	W = Water line broken	Apartment	3 = destroyed
R = Road damage	O = Other	Other	•

S = Structural damage

Disaster Information Summary: Sample Property Damage



This information is gathered after emergency rescue operations have slowed down. Send it to Oakland's Emergency Operations Center (EOC). The Preliminary Damage Assessment form may be used to help compile this information.

Date:

No Visible Damage Minor Damage Major Damage Destroyed	Addresses	Addresses	Total
Minor Damage Major Damage Destroyed	No Visible Damage		
Major Damage Destroyed			
Major Damage Destroyed			•••••
Major Damage Destroyed			
Major Damage Destroyed			
Major Damage Destroyed		•	
Major Damage Destroyed			
Major Damage Destroyed			
Major Damage Destroyed	Minor Damage		
Major Damage Destroyed			
Major Damage Destroyed			
Destroyed		·	
Destroyed			
Destroyed			
Destroyed			
Destroyed	Major Damage		
Destroyed	· ·		
Destroyed			
Destroyed			
Destroyed	en e		
Destroyed			
	<u> </u>		-
	Destroyed		
			_

HAZARD REDUCTION/ UTILITIES TEAM



Primary Responsibilities

The primary responsibility of this team is to reduce specific dangers in the neighborhood:

- Extinguish small fires
- Check and turn off damaged utilities (gas, water, electricity)
- Clear debris from the streets and sidewalks for emergency vehicles, foot/bike traffic or evacuation
- Rope off and secure hazards
- Confine stray pets

Preparedness Checklist

Lists and Forms

Have copies of t	these lists and	forms attached to	o your	clipboard.
------------------	-----------------	-------------------	--------	------------

- ☐ *CORE Family Roster* (A-79)
- ☐ Tools and Equipment (A-85)
- ☐ Quick Field Team Reminders (A-91)
- ☐ Status Cards [2 per house] (A-99)
- ☐ Preliminary Damage Assessment (A-101)
- ☐ Neighborhood Utilities Map

(A-89) that includes:

- utility shut-off valves (gas, water valves and electrical mains)
- water sources for extinguishing fire (fire hydrants, pools, hot tubs, etc.)
- foot paths and other routes for evacuation

Tools and Equipment

Collect and store tools and equipment in or near the ICC such as: ☐ Garden hoses ☐ Fire extinguishers ☐ Wrenches (utility, crescent) ☐ Water valve turnkey ☐ Flashlight, extra batteries ☐ Duct tape/caution tape ☐ Ropes ☐ Protective eyewear, masks, gloves, sturdy shoes **Pets** ☐ Attend pet rescue training with other members of your CORE group. Call 238-6351 for more information. ☐ Distribute the Emergency Pet Preparedness Information Packets to all neighbors who own pets. Call 238-6351 to request copies. ☐ Remind pet owners about the importance of having their animals licensed. ☐ Have your neighbors fill out the pet profile forms (included in the packet noted above) and take pictures of their pets. Store information at the ICC or with neighborhood "buddies." ☐ Encourage pet owners to store emergency pet supplies. Suggest that all families store their supplies in a similar part of the house or garage to make them easier to find after a disaster. **Utilities** Check neighborhood utilities before a disaster strikes: ☐ Check all water and gas shut-off valves to make sure they are not stuck or

Make sure to take the CORE III classes to learn how to extinguish small fires and deal with damaged utilities.

rusted shut. Call EBMUD or PG&E to replace or repair them. Help

See the Neighborhood Utilities Check walk-about (9).

neighbors attach a gas wrench to outside gas valves. Mark the gas line with fluorescent spray paint or reflective tape to help locate the valve at night.

Hazard Reduction/Utilities Team Response Checklist



Gather your personal supplies, assess your own home and family and report to the ICC. There you will be assigned in groups of 2-3 people to reduce specific				
hazards in the neighborhood by helping to:				
	Extinguish small fires.			
	Turn off damaged utilities by shutting off leaking gas valves, water mains or electrical circuits.			
	Identify and rope off potential hazards such as collapsed chimneys, downed power lines, large sidewalk or street cracks, chemical leaks or spills.			
	Clear debris from streets and sidewalks to allow for emergency vehicles or foot traffic.			
	Confine stray pets . If animals are confined within a home, place a note on the door indicating where they can be found. Be sure they are secure and have water before leaving them.			
	Locate additional water sources.			
This	team should also:			
	Use the <i>Preliminary Damage Assessment</i> form to record problems that need attention and the response actions taken.			
	Tape <i>Status Cards</i> to doors of houses that have been inspected and return duplicate copies to the ICC.			















Address:		Address:			
Date:	Time:	Date: Time:			
Utilities Checked		Utilities Checked			
Gas: □ OK	☐ Turned Off	Gas: □ OK	☐ Turned Off		
Water: □ OK	☐ Turned Off	Water: □ OK	☐ Turned Off		
Electricity:	☐ Turned Off	Electricity:	☐ Turned Off		
Victims removed: ☐ Yes Comments:	Interior: Yes No	Victims removed: Yes			

Tape this form visibly on the front of the house.

Dwelling checked by:

Return this form to the Incident Command Center ASAP.

Dwelling checked by:

Team:

SEARCH & RESCUE TEAM



Primary Responsibilities

The primary responsibilities of this team are to search homes/structures and to rescue individuals who need help. Team members will:

- Assess all the rescue situations before entering any structure where individuals are reportedly trapped or injured
- ♦ Triage* and attempt rescue only when it is safe to do so

Preparedness Checklist

Lists and Forms

Make sure your clipboard has these lists and forms:

- ☐ Neighborhood Utilities Map (A-89)
- ☐ CORE Family Roster (A-79)
- ☐ Tools and Equipment (A-85)
- ☐ Quick Field Team Reminders (A-91)
- ☐ Status Cards [2 per house] (A-99)
- ☐ Preliminary Damage Assessment (A-101)

^{*}Triage comes from the French verb "to sort," and generally refers to the act of quickly (within one minute) evaluating victims. In situations where there are multiple rescue efforts needed, however, the term triage is used to refer to the process of quickly evaluating which rescues should be attempted and the order in which they should be prioritized. The decision will be based on an assessment of which rescue situation will yield the greatest results in the shortest amount of time, the number of rescuers required for the effort compared with the number of rescuers who a re available, and which situation is the least hazardous to the rescue team itself.



□ Search & Rescue: Victims Log (A-107)
 This log is used to record information before the victim is taken to or treated at the First Aid Station. When completed, return forms to the ICC. Later, the information will be included in the Disaster Information Summary.
 □ Special Needs: Medical and Other (A-109)

Before a disaster, use this form to fill in the name, address and special needs sections. (Identify neighbors who need special assistance by referring to the CORE Family Roster.) Keep copies at the ICC, Main Shelter and First Aid Station. After a disaster, use copies of your partially completed form to indicate who has checked these individuals and whether assistance is needed (e.g., type of equipment, medication, English translation).

Additional Responsibilities

- □ Store special items like ropes, crowbars, shovels, cribbing materials, power or hand saws, 2x4's, masking tape, and carpenter's chalk in two places: at home and in/near the ICC.
- ☐ Review the Search & Rescue Guidelines on the following page.
- Teach neighbors how to indicate whether or not they need help after a disaster. By displaying a **white cloth** in an area visible from the street, neighbors will know that you are okay for the moment.
- ☐ Become familiar with **potential hazards** that are unique to your particular neighborhood.
- ☐ Take the CORE III Search & Rescue class.
- ☐ Practice lifting and cribbing skills with others.

Search & Rescue Team Response Checklist



Gather your personal supplies, assess your own home and family and report to the ICC. There you will be assigned in groups of 2-3 people to specific search and rescue situations in your neighborhood.

Search & Rescue Guidelines

Keep this list with you at all times.

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sear	cn				
	Always work with at least one partner. Never attempt to search alone.				
	hon	y search structures that have been assigned to you by your team manager. Check less that do not have a white flag displayed first. If you find a potential search ation that has not been reported, send a runner to the ICC with that information.			
		ore approaching a house, stand on the sidewalk and assess it for the possibility of			
	of p	apse or other hazards. Some buildings should be assessed as a "No Go" because otential hazards that face the rescuers (e.g., collapse, fire, hot wires, hazardous erials, vicious animal).			
	Bef	ore entering a building:			
		Smell the air for possible gas leaks. If you smell or hear gas leaking, do not enter the building before turning off the main gas valve and ventilating the house.			
		Turn off other damaged utilities (electric/water) if necessary.			
		Check the door with the back of your hand to see if the door is hot. If it is, do not open it. There is probably a fire inside.			
		Check the door jamb and walls around the door for serious cracks that indicate the building is not safe to enter.			
		Put a bold, readily visible piece of tape diagonally across the door upon entering. Make a second slash, forming an "X," on leaving.			
	Onc	e inside the building:			
		Stay as low as possible. Continue to watch for hazards.			
		Systematically search each room , moving along the wall to your right as you go. If you become disoriented, reverse your steps, staying close to the wall until you			

your partner so you do not get separated.

get back to the doorway. Throughout your search, maintain voice contact with

- **Call out** "it's your neighbor" and give your name. Shout, tap, and listen for any cries or moans. Tap on the wall and listen for tapping back. The sound of tapping on the walls will often carry farther than a voice. Ask if they need help and keep talking as you walk through the building.
- In dark rooms, use your flashlight to carefully look under furniture and beds because children often hide when frightened. Also check stairwells, tubs, showers and closets. Periodically stop and listen for noise. Use your flashlight to continue to check ceilings, walls and floors for danger signs.

Rescue

	Assist trapped or injured victims in the following sequence:
	 ambulatory victims lightly trapped victims heavily trapped victims
	When you find victims, evaluate their condition to determine whether or not they can be moved safely. If you need to leave them, try to place a table over them to protect them from falling objects. Offer reassurance that someone will come back for them.
	Arrange transportation (e.g., vehicles, stretchers) with the ICC to move injured neighbors to the First Aid Station or to other medical facilities.
	Report injuries to the ICC using walkie-talkies or runners. Record injuries using both the <i>Status Cards</i> and <i>Search & Rescue: Victims Log</i> and return them to the ICC.
	If people with special needs are found, advise the ICC to notify the Sheltering & Special Needs Team. Use the <i>Special Needs: Medical and Other</i> form and return it to the ICC.
	If a deceased person is found, advise the ICC to notify the First Aid Team that is in charge of setting up the morgue. Leave the body there until all rescues are completed.
	Report to the ICC if you need any additional help for a rescue.
1	The first section will be a part to brook to the regulation of the section of the
Kem	ember safety comes first

- Size up all rescue situations before entering the structure. Reassess the situation continuously.-
- **Do not** enter any building that is in danger of collapse, fire or explosion.
- Do not take unnecessary risks.
- **Do not attempt** a rescue unless you feel certain that you and your partner will be able to remove the person safely.

Disaster Information Summary: Sample Injuries/Deaths



Send this information to Oakland's Emergency Operations Center (EOC).

The Search & Rescue: Victims Log may be used to help compile this information.

Date:

Names	Addresses	Total
Missing Persons		
unquinantana.	water and the second se	
		·
D. F		
Minor Injuries		
Major Injuries		
Transported		
Deaths		
	·	

Search & Rescue: Victims Log Sample







Use this document to record information before the victim is taken to the First Aid Station. When completed, it should be returned to the ICC. Later, the information will be included in the Disaster Information Summary.

Date:

Time	Victim's Name (M/F, A/C)	Address	Victim's Condition	Comments	Rescuers
			•		
	•				·

Code:

M = Male A = Adult

F = Female C = Child

FIRST AID TEAM



Primary Responsibilities

- Set up a First Aid Station
- ◆ Triage the injured and provide first aid
- Coordinate the transport of the injured either to the First Aid Station, or from the Station to available hospitals or clinics
- Set up a morgue

Preparedness Checklist

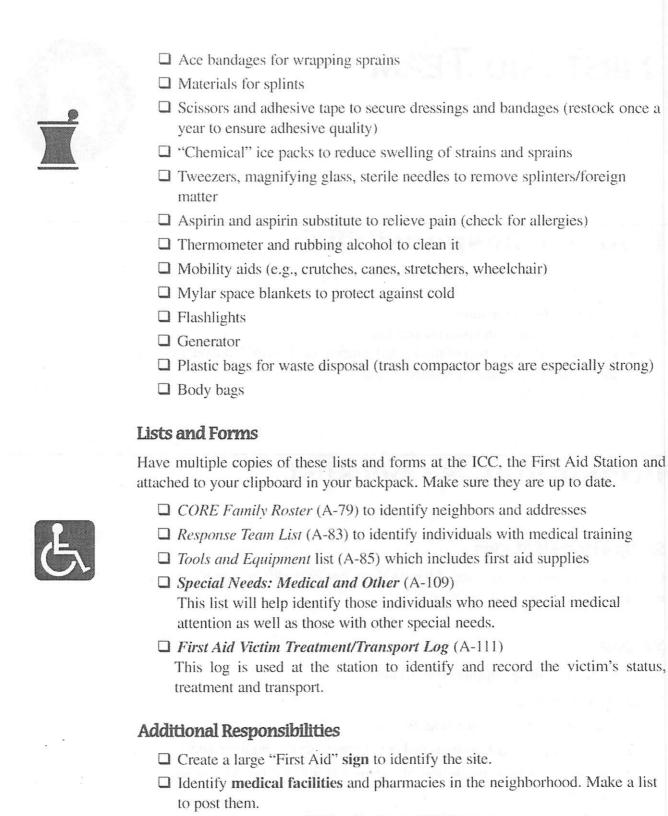
Set Up a First Aid Station

Choose one primary and one secondary site in a dry, centrally located place to set up a First Aid Station and store supplies.

Supplies

Recommended medical supplies may include:

□ First aid manual
□ Latex gloves (to be worn at all times)
□ Sterile water to flush wounds and cool burns (check expiration dates)
□ Antiseptic solution to cleanse abrasions (do not use on deep wounds or punctures)
□ Gauze pads to cover lacerations, burns and abrasions
□ Sanitary napkins to control excessive bleeding
□ Bandages in assorted sizes: specialized (e.g., eye, knuckle) and triangular bandages to secure a broken arm, shoulder dislocation or use as a tie splint
□ Roller bandages to wrap over dressings and secure splints



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recovery activities that can serve as a morgue.

information.

☐ Take a first aid class. Call the American Red Cross at 595-4400 for more

☐ Select a cool, shady site, perhaps a shed, that is out of sight and away from

First Aid Team Response Checklist



	Gather your personal supplies, assess your own home and family and report to the ICC.
	The Incident Commander and Assistant IC will decide where to open the First Aid Station.
	Open the Station and post a "First Aid" sign where it is easy to see. Locate supplies. Report to the ICC any needed supplies and assistance.
	Work through the ICC with the Search & Rescue Team to help transport victims to the First Aid Station.
	Work with the Communications Team to determine the status of open medical facilities and transportation available and/or needed. Record this information and pass it to the appropriate team.
	Triage the injured according to priority of treatment needed.
	Check the <i>Special Needs List</i> before treating anyone to ensure you are not providing care that is not appropriate.
	When treating injuries, always wear latex gloves and eye protection to prevent contact with bodily fluids.
	Record the name and status of each injured person on the <i>First Aid Victim Treatment/ Transport Log</i> and keep the ICC informed.
	If phones are working, call 9-1-1 ONLY if there are life-threatening injuries that you are unable to treat or transport.
	For those individuals who are deceased , handle them with dignity and place them in heavy plastic body bags. Move them to a cool, shady, sheltered area. Tag the body bags and, if known, include the individual's name, date/time and the location where the body was found.
Î	Shock ? Stress must be recognized? watched for in next 4-6 hrs.

First Aid Victim Treatment/Transport Log Sample

00

Use this list at the First Aid Station to identify and record victim's status, treatment and transport.

Date:

Time	Victim's Name (M/F, A/C)	Injury/Treatment	Triage Status	Treated By	Comments
	•				
	•				
	•				
	- Manager - Control - Cont				

Victim Information	Victim	Inform	ation
--------------------	--------	--------	-------

M = Male

F = Female

A = Adult

C = Child

Triage Status:

Immediate

Minor

Delayed

Deceased

SHELTERING & SPECIAL NEEDS TEAM



Primary Responsibilities

- Identify and set up Main Shelter(s) for individuals to receive food and rest in the neighborhood
- Set up a Child Care Center
- Identify the location of the nearest Red Cross, school and church shelter sites if additional shelter is necessary
- Maintain a list of displaced neighbors and where they will be staying
- Provide psychological or special needs support to traumatized neighbors

Preparedness Checklist

Set up a Main Shelter

- □ Identify several potential shelter areas that could accommodate groups of displaced individuals and meet their resting, sleeping and eating needs. They may be outside areas like a field, cul-de-sac or some place where makeshift tents could be set up for "camping out." These sites should be away from potential hazards such as overhead power lines.
- □ Select several large indoor spaces that could house a number of people, keeping them warm and dry. Use the *CORE Family Roster* to identify who can provide temporary emergency housing and how many they can accommodate.
- ☐ Store camping equipment near these areas. Include materials for tents (e.g., tarps, lumber, ropes for makeshift shelters) as well as cooking utensils, food and bedding.



☐ Contact the East Bay Chapter of the American Red Cross (595-4400) to determine the location of the nearest shelters (e.g., schools, libraries, churches). Make sure neighbors know where they are.

Establish a Child Care Center



☐ Identify an area or home for a potential Child Care Center that is away from the commotion of the ICC and the First Aid Station. This shelter is primarily for daycare so the adults in your neighborhood are free to respond to emergencies. Storing a back-up generator there is a good idea, especially if there are infants in the neighborhood.

Lists and Forms

Have multiple copies of the following lists at the ICC, First Aid Station and the Main Shelter. Make sure they are up-to-date.

CORE Family Roster (A-79) to identify children and emergency housing
Neighborhood Utilities Map (A-89) to help geographically locate residences and their utility shut-off valves
Response Team List (A-83) to identify general resources
Tools and Equipment list (A-85) to identify available food, cooking and camping equipment
Special Needs: Medical and Other list (A-109) to identify those individuals who may need special attention
Displaced Neighbors List (A-113)
Use this form to keep track of neighbors who can no longer live in their homes and need shelter, or have found shelter elsewhere.

Special Needs

Use the "Provisions for People with Special Needs" section in *CORE I* (27) to help you identify who in your neighborhood might need extra help. These individuals may include:

Children home alone
Mentally challenged
Vision, hearing impaired
People with mobility limitations
Non-English speaking
Elderly/frail
Individuals on medication or oxygen

Use the *Special Needs: Medical and Other* list to record who they are and what they might need. Keep a copy at the ICC, the First Aid Station and Main Shelter. Identify other neighbors to become their "disaster buddies" so they can receive the assistance they might need.

Psychological First Aid

After a disaster, there may be individuals who will suffer from emotional trauma. It is important to identify who in your neighborhood has counseling skills and record their names in your *Response Team List*. In general, be prepared for many different reactions. Remember that some symptoms may occur immediately while others may take days or even weeks after a disaster to manifest themselves.



Research indicates that anyone who is involved in a disaster response for over two hours can become an emotional victim. Be prepared to support the emotional well-being of all CORE disaster responders, including yourself and your team members.

Sheltering and Special Needs Response Checklist



Gather your personal supplies, assess your own home and family and report to the ICC.
The Incident Commander and Assistant IC will determine how many neighbors need shelter and which shelters are available.
Establish a Main Shelter (indoors or outdoors) as needed and available. Post a sign and start gathering necessary supplies such as food, water, bedding, and tents.
Establish a Child Care Center away from the ICC and First Aid Station. Post a sign.
Coordinate with the Communications Team to help establish what relief shelters are open in your area . Post the information at the ICC and Main Shelter.
Assist neighbors who need shelter. Use the <i>Displaced Neighbors</i> list to keep track of where they are going and share this information with the ICC.
Check the <i>Special Needs: Medical and Other</i> list to make sure these individuals have been located and taken care of.
Identify counselors to help those who have been psychologically traumatized.

Special Needs: Medical and Other Sample



Before a disaster, fill in the name, address and special needs sections. The Family Roster may be used to help. After a disaster, use the completed form to indicate who checked on them and if assistance was provided.

Date:

Name	Address	Special Needs	Checked By	Assistance Needed?
	•			
	90 - Cartana (1900)			
			,	
		•		
		Market		

Displaced Neighbors Sample









Use this form to keep track of neighbors who can no longer live in their homes and either need shelter or have found shelter elsewhere. Include those on vacation, at work, unaccounted for, etc.

Date:

Family Name	Permanent Address	Sheltered At/Whereabouts
		·
<u>.</u>		
	·	







This list is to be kept on the clipboard in your emergency backpack. Use it after completing your Individual Response Checklist (29). The following reminders combine the needs and responsibilities of the field teams in case the number of responders is limited.

SUPPLI	ES						
	Protective clothing		Small tools/supp	olies	: wrenches, rope, caution tape		
	Emergency backpack				d maps attached		
HAZAR	RD REDUCTION/UTILITIE	S					
	Extinguish small fires				☐ Rope off hazardous areas		
	Turn off damaged utilities	(ga	s, water, electric)		Confine loose pets		
	Clear debris from street an	ıd si	dewalks		Locate neighborhood water sources		
SEARC	н & Rescue						
	Check the door jamb and indications that the building						
	Put a bold, readily visible Make a second slash [/], f	-			eross the door upon entering [\].		
Ga	s:						
	Before entering a building	, sn	nell the air for pos	ssibl	e gas leaks.		
	If you smell or hear gas leaking, do not enter the building before turning off the gas main.						
	Ventilate the building by opening as many doors and windows as possible.				nd windows as possible.		
	Wait until the smell of gas	s is	gone before enter	ing	or attempting a search or rescue.		
Fir	e:						
	Check the door with the l Alert the ICC. If the door		-		if it is hot. If it is, DO NOT open it.		
	Stay low.						
Vic	etims:						
					and give your name. Stop. Shout-		
	<u> </u>			-	you move through the building.		
u	be moved safely.	the	victims' conditioi	is to	determine whether or not they can		
	•			-	otect them from falling objects.		
_	Reassure them that someon			r the	em.		
U	Report to the ICC if you n	eed	additional help.				

EVACUATION GUIDELINES



Evacuation must be planned in advance. Refer to the *CORE I* manual for additional evacuation tips (37-38, 44-45, 50). Here are a few easy steps you can take.

Preparation

- ◆ Tour your neighborhood. Identify two primary and two secondary evacuation routes (e.g., streets or paths) that are free of potential hazards such as electrical wires, bridges and overpasses. Choose routes in various directions for an evacuation by foot as well as by vehicle.
- Plan what you want to take with you in your car or on foot, if an immediate evacuation is ordered. Put your essentials (e.g., vital documents, maps, valuables, emergency backpack, portable radio) in an accessible location for quick and easy access.
- Plan ahead for your pets. Set aside leashes, pet carriers, food and water. Once evacuation becomes a possibility, secure pets so you can quickly take them with you. Remember that Red Cross shelters do not allow pets.
- Designate your out-of-state contact so that you can share information about your location and safety.
- Plan where your family or neighbors will **reassemble** when the threat is over.
- Use the CORE Family Roster to identify individuals who may need special assistance and set up a buddy system.



Evacuation Response Checklist



Potential Evacuation

	Listen carefully to emergency announcements via the radio, TV, bullhorns or helicopters for updates. Turn off distracting sources of noise (e.g., appliances, stereos,
	radio headsets).
	Determine which routes (vehicle or foot) are your best options and consider any unusual hazards you might encounter.
	Talk to family members (at home or out-of-state) about your plans.
	Locate your pet(s) and necessary supplies (e.g., leashes, pet carriers, food and water).
	Gather essentials (e.g., vital documents, maps, valuables, emergency backpack, portable radio) and put them in an accessible location for quick and easy access.
	Contact as many neighbors as you can by phone tree or by knocking on their doors. Start with those neighbors on the right and left of your home and let them know about the situation.
	Locate your disaster buddy and those individuals in the neighborhood who have special needs . Make sure they are aware of the situation and help them prepare to evacuate.
П	
ā	Decide whether or not you should leave before an evacuation is actually ordered.
Jrge	ent Evacuation
-	If police or fire personnel order you to evacuate, leave the area immediately. Follow their directions.
	Whether leaving by foot or vehicle, be aware of your surroundings and what is going on around you. Watch for dangers such as utility poles/wires, narrow streets, water tanks or falling debris.
	Report neighbors who are unable to evacuate or are unaccounted for to
	police or fire personnel.
fter	r Evacuating
	Report in at your pre-selected assembly area (e.g., Red Cross, church, library, school),
	if available.
	Make a list of those who evacuated safely and those who might still be in the danger area. Include individuals who are accounted for but not present because of work, vacation or other similar situations. Give lists to police and fire personnel. See <i>Displaced Neighbors</i> form (A-113).
	Get in touch with your pre-selected out-of-state contact person to share information about your friends' and family's whereabouts.

CONCLUSION



This neighborhood disaster preparedness plan is a product of several years' work by City of Oakland staff and hundreds of Oakland residents. Drawing on our experiences, as a community, from the 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake and the 1991 Oakland Firestorm, we have attempted to create a succinct and comprehensive guide based on the best of many different emergency plans. In addition, the knowledge and experience gained by individual CORE groups from their practice exercises have been invaluable.

Remember that emergency preparedness is a process, not a single event. The efforts you make by participating in CORE will go a long way towards increasing the safety and well-being of your family and neighborhood.

As a living, working document, this manual is a place for you to start. Each plan should be tailored to meet your neighborhood's individual needs. With your comments and suggestions, CORE will continually improve to meet the needs of our community.

APPENDIX

Templates of Suggested Lists & Forms

Sample forms have been included in appropriate sections of the manual. This Appendix contains templates of the sample forms that you may duplicate for use within your neighborhood. Note that the icons at the top of each page indicate which teams should use them. As each neighborhood is unique in its size and requirements, feel free to modify or combine any of these suggestions to meet the needs of your group.



In seeking opportunities to promote community awareness and service, the mission of CORE is to promote the spirit of neighbor helping neighbor and to provide the highest quality emergency and disaster prevention, preparedness and response training.

Citizens of Oakland Respond to Emergencies (CORE) is a free training program for individuals, neighborhood groups and community-based organizations in Oakland. The underlying premise is that a major disaster will overwhelm first responders and leave many citizens on their own for the first 72 hours after the emergency. CORE teaches self-reliance skills and helps neighborhoods establish response teams to take care of the neighborhood until professional emergency personnel arrive.

Since its inception in 1990, the CORE program has provided training to over 10,000 Oakland residents. CORE set a new standard for emergency preparedness and residential hazard reduction and earned the Outstanding Service Award by the Governor's Office of Emergency Services in 1991. Training includes:

CORE I – Home and Family Preparedness - Learn how to reduce common household hazards, prepare emergency kits, develop evacuation plans and respond to earthquakes, fires, chemical emergencies, flooding and terrorist threats.

CORE II – Neighborhood Preparedness and Response - Learn how to set up a command center and create emergency response teams, (i.e., communications, damage assessment, hazard reduction/utilities, search and rescue, first aid, shelter and special needs).

CORE I and II are conducted at neighborhood sites and require minimum of 10-20 participants.

CORE III – Emergency Response Hands-On Training - Learn beginning response tactics. Get hands-on training in fire suppression, damage assessment, light search and rescue, disaster first aid, disaster psychology and neighborhood emergency communications. Training includes a functional exercise (simulated earthquake). Classroom and hands-on training are conducted at Oakland Fire Training Center.

Block Captain Emergency Preparedness – Review personal preparedness and response skills with emphasis on how to organize your neighborhood emergency response as a CORE Block Captain. Class is taught at the Fire Department Office of Emergency Services.

CORE I, II and III manuals are printed in Chinese and Spanish to facilitate training in culturally diverse communities. Bilingual translators help provide CORE training to other language groups in Oakland.

See CORE website: http://www.oaklandnet.com/fire/core/index.html for more information.

CORE is a program of the Oakland Fire Department Office of Emergency Services
1605 Martin Luther King Jr. Way, Oakland, CA. 94612
510.238.6351 <u>core@oaklandnet.com</u>
http://www.oaklandnet.com/fire/core/index.html



CORE Family Questionnaire (Please print clearly)

Family Name(s):		
Address:		
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:	
Email Address:		
Emergency Contact (out-Name:	of-state friend/relative)	
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:	·
Email Address:		
Adults in Household Name:	Work Address:	
Work Hours:	Work Phone:	
Name:	Work Address:	
Work Hours:	Work Phone:	
	Age: School/Child Care:	
School Phone:	Address:	
Name:	Age: School/Child Care:	
School Phone:	Address:	
Name:	Age: School/Child Care:	
	Address:	
Pets	•	
Name:	Breed/Description:	Indoor/Outdoor
Name:	Breed/Description:	Indoor/Outdoor
Name:	Breed/Description:	Indoor/Outdoor
Miscellaneous notes:		

Emergency Skills/Training (e.g., first aid/CPR, mechanic, carpentry, electrical, plumbing, child care, firefighting,	Members of Household Who (e.g., elderly, difficulty walking	May Need Special Assistance in an Emergency s, specific medical conditions)
Name:	Name:	Assistance Needed:
Emergency Equipment Available (e.g., ham radio, generator, camping equipment, tools (heavy/light), 4-wheel drive vehicle, dirt bike, firewood) Emergency Skills/Training (e.g., first aid/CPR, mechanic, carpentry, electrical, plumbing, child care, firefighting, crisis/psychological) Name: Skill/Training:	Name:	Assistance Needed:
(e.g., ham radio, generator, camping equipment, tools (heavy/light), 4-wheel drive vehicle, dirt bike, firewood) Emergency Skills/Training	Name:	Assistance Needed:
Emergency Skills/Training (e.g., first aid/CPR, mechanic, carpentry, electrical, plumbing, child care, firefighting, crisis/psychological) Name: Skill/Training:	(e.g., ham radio, generator, can firewood)	nping equipment, tools (heavy/light), 4-wheel drive vehicle, dirt bike,
Name: Skill/Training: Profession(s): Do you have a seismically safe, enclosed garage with extra storage space that we could use to store emergency supplies? people. In an emergency, I can house/sleep people. (number) We have a potential source of water for firefighting (e.g., pool, hot tub, cistern). Yes No Return this form to:	Emergency Skills/Training	
Name: Skill/Training: Profession(s): Do you have a seismically safe, enclosed garage with extra storage space that we could use to store emergency supplies? People. In an emergency, I can house/sleep people. (number) We have a potential source of water for firefighting (e.g., pool, hot tub, cistern). Yes No Return this form to:	Name:	Skill/Training:
Profession(s):	Name:	Skill/Training:
Do you have a seismically safe, enclosed garage with extra storage space that we could use to store emergency supplies?	Name:	Skill/Training:
In an emergency, I can house/sleep people. (number) We have a potential source of water for firefighting (e.g., pool, hot tub, cistern). Yes No Return this form to:	Profession(s):	
(number) We have a potential source of water for firefighting (e.g., pool, hot tub, cistern). Yes No Return this form to:		
Yes No Return this form to:	In an emergency, I can house/sl	•
	· ·	vater for firefighting (e.g., pool, hot tub, cistern).
	Return this form to:	
		•

This form should be updated on an annual basis and the information added to the relevant lists.







































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CORE Family Roster

Phone Number

School

Children's Names (Ages)

Family Name

Street

Emergency Housing*

Pets

*how many people you could accomodate in your home

(d) = dog(c) = cat

Updated:





Medical Release Form for Minors

I	Parent or Legal Guardian of
•	norize any assistance, aid and/or transportation which may be necessary in ar
* *	ence, for the well-being of the above-mentioned minor. I release the City, its
directors, officers, employe	ees and agents from any and all liability which may arise out of assistance, aid
or transportation by volum	teers who have successfully completed the City's CORE III program.
	•
	has the following allergies:
	has the following medical conditions:
	has the following medical conditions.
	·
Hospitalization Insurance:	
Name of Carrier:	
Policy Number:	
Group Number:	
Signed:	Dated:
Return this form to:	
•	
Updated:	





Team

Phone

Training/Equipment



Incident Commander



Damage Assessment/Hazard Reduction/Utilities



🐯 Search and Rescue





Child Care

ı	Jodate	.d.		
١.	JDOATE	2O:		

^{*} Indicates the team leaders who are primarily responsible for organizing team resources for their group. They can be rotated on an annual basis.





Tools & Equipment

Name

Address

Communications

Heavy Tools

Light Tools

Vehicles

Camping Equipment

First Aid Supplies

Water Supply

Updated:





Family

Contact

Phone

Updated: _____





Neighborhood Utilities Map

Review guidelines on pages 8 and 9 and see Neighborhood Utilities Map Sample on page 21. Updated: _____





This list is to be kept on the clipboard in your emergency backpack. Use it after completing your Individual Response Checklist (29). The following reminders combine the needs and responsibilities of the field teams in case the number of responders is limited.

SUPPLI	IES						
	Protective clothing	☐ Small tools/supp	lies	: wrenches, rope, caution tape			
	Emergency backpack						
HAZAI	RD REDUCTION/UTILITIE	S					
	Extinguish small fires			Rope off hazardous areas			
	Turn off damaged utilities	(gas, water, electric)		Confine loose pets			
sou	Clear debris from street ar arces	nd sidewalks		Locate neighborhood water			
SEARC	H & RESCUE						
	Check the door jamb and indications that the buildi						
	Put a bold, readily visible Make a second slash [/], t	•		cross the door upon entering [\]. ving.			
Ga	as:						
	Before entering a building	, smell the air for pos	ssibl	le gas leaks.			
	If you smell or hear gas leaking, do not enter the building before turning off the gas main.						
	Ventilate the building by	opening as many doo	rs a	nd windows as possible.			
	Wait until the smell of gas	s is gone before enter	ing	or attempting a search or rescue.			
Fi	re:						
	Check the door with the last the ICC. If the door	•		if it is hot. If it is, DO NOT open it.			
	Stay low.						
Vi	ctims:						
. 🗖	•			and give your name. Stop. Shout- you move through the building.			
	Evaluate the building and be moved safely.	the victims' condition	is to	determine whether or not they can			
	If you need to leave, place Reassure them that someo		•	otect them from falling objects.			
	Report to the ICC if you n	eed additional help.					



Resource Table Sign-In

Use this form at the Incident Command Center to help identify individuals' skills and assign them to teams.

Assignment/ Team		·							
Special Skills									
CORE Trained?									
Street									
Name		·	-			-			
Time									

Status Board



Date:

Time Address Problem Team No. Comments Priority				Response		
	Time	Address	Problem	Team No.	Comments	Priority

Team Codes:

DA = Damage Assessment

SR = Search & Rescue

HR = Hazard Reduction

FA = First Aid/Medical

Priority:

0 = okay

1 = minor emergency

2 = major emergency

3 = destroyed/dead

^{*}Cross-off with line through incident when problem is resolved.

Page A-9/

Communications Log



This log remains at the Incident Command Center.

Date:

1

Code:

I = Information

R = Request

U = Urgent

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		•		•	V			31	1.2	



STATUS CARD

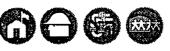


Address:		Address:					
Date:	Time:	Date: Time:					
Utilities Checked		Utilities Checked					
Gas: □ OK	☐ Turned Off	Gas: □ OK	☐ Turned Off				
Water: □ OK	☐ Turned Off	Water:	☐ Turned Off				
Electricity:	☐ Turned Off	Electricity:	☐ Turned Off				
House Searched Exterior: Yes If no, explain:	INo Interior: ☐ Yes ☐ No		□No Interior: □ Yes □No				
Victims removed:	Yes • No Number:	Victims removed:	Yes • No Number:				
Comments:		Comments:					
·							
Team:		Team:					

Tape this form visibly on the front of the house.

Return this form to the Incident Command Center ASAP.

Preliminary Damage Assessment



Information for the Incident Command Center.

Date	Time	Address	Resident Last Name	Type of Damage	Type of Dwelling	Severity of Damage
		·				
						-

Type	of Damage	Type of Dwelling	Severity of Damage
D = Deceased victim	T = Tree down	1-story	0 = okay, minor
F = Fire	U = Uninhabitable	2-story	1 = moderate
G = Gas odor, damage	V = Victim trapped/injured	Townhouse	2 = extreme
P = Power line down	W = Water line broken	Apartment	3 = destroyed
R = Road damage	O = Other	Other	

S = Structural damage

Disaster Information Summary: Property Damage



This information is gathered after emergency rescue operations have slowed down. Send it to Oakland's Emergency Operations Center (EOC). The Preliminary Damage Assessment form may be used to help compile this information.

Addresses	Addresses	Total
No Visible Damage		
		,
Minor Damage		
Major Damage		
	·	
Destroyed		
	-	
		1

Disaster Information Summary: Injuries/Deaths



Send this information to Oakland's Emergency Operations Center (EOC).

The Search & Rescue: Victims Log may be used to help compile this information.

Names	Addresses	Total
Missing Persons		
Minor Injuries		
Major Injuries		
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Transported		
Doothe		
Deaths		

Search & Rescue: Victims Log







Use this document to record information before the victim is taken to the First Aid Station. When completed, it should be returned to the ICC. Later, the information will be included in the Disaster Information Summary.

Date:

Time	Victim's Name (M/F, A/C)	Address	Victim's Condition	Comments	Rescuers
	,				
		***************************************	•		
				·	
	,				
		•			

Code:

M = Male A = Adult

F = Female C = Child

Page A-10

Special Needs: Medical and Other









Before a disaster, fill in the name, address and special needs sections. The Family Roster may be used to help. **After** a disaster, use the completed form to indicate who checked on them and if assistance was provided.

Name	Address	Special Needs	Checked By	Assistance Needed?
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	•			
	·			
		. •		

Page A-11

First Aid Victim Treatment/Transport Log



Use this list at the First Aid Station to identify and record victim's status, treatment and transport.

Date:

Time	Victim's Name (M/F, A/C)	Injury/Treatment	Triage Status	Treated By	Comments
		·			

Victim Information

M = Male

F = Female

A = Adult

C = Child

Triage Status:

Immediate

Minor

Delayed

Deceased

Page A-11:

Displaced Neighbors









Use this form to keep track of neighbors who can no longer live in their homes and either need shelter or have found shelter elsewhere. Include those on vacation, at work, unaccounted for, etc.

Family Name	Permanent Address	Sheltered At/Whereabouts
4		
		•
•		
	77777	
		•